



Proclamation 20-02.34 – Amendment:
Pandemic and Public Health Emergency Response and Recovery

1. PURPOSE: The purpose of this policy is to provide guidance and establish procedures in the event a pandemic illness or public health emergency is expected to, or currently is taking place, which may affect the operations of the City of Kenmore and/or pose a risk to the health or safety of staff and the community at large.
2. SCOPE: This policy applies to all City of Kenmore departments and employees.
3. DEFINITIONS:
 - A. Outbreak: a widespread occurrence of an infectious disease in a community at a particular time with a hospitalization and/or mortality rate significantly higher than the common flu.
 - B. Pandemic: a disease that is prevalent over a region, country, or the world.
 - C. Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA): Federally mandated leave program, voluntarily extended by the City through ~~March~~ May 31, 2021, that provides for Emergency Paid Sick Leave (EPSL) and Public Health Emergency Leave (PHEL).
4. REFERENCES:
 - A. Chapter 7.05 RCW – Local Health Departments
 - B. Chapter 7.08 RCW – Combined City-County Health Departments
 - C. Chapter 70.26 RCW – Pandemic Influenza Preparedness
 - D. RCW 38.52.070 – Emergency Powers
 - E. Chapter 8.30 KMC – Emergency Operations Plan
 - F. City of Kenmore Comprehensive Emergency Management Plan
 - G. City of Kenmore Personnel Policies
 - H. Washington Department of Health: doh.wa.gov
 - I. Public Health – Seattle & King County: www.kingcounty.gov/depts/health.aspx
 - J. Families First Coronavirus Response Act under the authority of the U.S. Department of Labor Wage and Hour Division
5. POLICY: It is the policy of the City of Kenmore to take all appropriate measures needed to address a pandemic and protect public health. Protecting the community and City staff is a top priority and this policy establishes some of the actions that may be taken, and the

authority, granted to address a pandemic.

6. PROCEDURES: The following procedures are established to minimize disease exposure and maintain continuity of City operations in the event that a pandemic becomes a threat to the health or safety of City employees, their families, and the community at large.
 - A. Declaration of Pandemic and/or Public Health Emergency: Public health professionals at organizations such as the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC), Washington State Public Health Department, Washington State Governor, and/or King County/Seattle Public Health Department may declare that a pandemic, outbreak, or public health emergency exists. Such declarations may contain instructions or recommendations to both private and public sector entities. The City will follow all mandatory instructions and will implement recommendations to the extent it determines these to be applicable and/or feasible or practicable under the particular circumstances.
 - B. Procedures to help minimize the spread of germs: Employees are urged to practice standard Non-Pharmaceutical Interventions (“NPI’s”), including covering coughs by coughing into a tissue or, if a tissue is not available, into their elbows, regular hand washing, regular use of alcohol hand sanitizer, and avoiding touching eyes, nose, or mouth. Hands and work surfaces should be disinfected frequently. Employees are also urged to utilize social distancing such as maintaining a distance of six feet from others when practical to do so.
 - C. Proclamation of Emergency/Disaster Due to Pandemic: Upon the City’s proclamation of emergency/disaster due to pandemic, the following shall apply:
 - i. Employees who have a communicable illness or are experiencing flu-like symptoms (as then-defined by the applicable health authorities), are prohibited from coming to work and are encouraged to consult their physician.
 - ii. Employees reporting to work who exhibit symptoms of a communicable illness will be sent home and encouraged to consult their physician. Unless otherwise prohibited by law, the employee shall be required to utilize accrued leave, if any, pursuant to adopted Personnel Policies or applicable collective bargaining agreement if they are sent home due to symptoms of an illness.
 - iii. If the illness of an employee or member of an employee’s household interferes with reporting to work in a timely manner, the employee is responsible for notifying their supervisor pursuant to the provisions of the Personnel Policies or applicable collective bargaining agreement. Employees must not return to work until they have been free of illness symptoms (fever, chills, sore throat, etc.) for at least 24 hours (or as otherwise provided for in applicable guidelines published by the appropriate health authorities).

- iv. Except as otherwise provided or prohibited by law, employees are required to first utilize their accrued sick leave and then any other accrued paid time off (vacation leave, compensatory time, or floating holidays) while recovering from, or caring for a spouse or dependent recovering from, illness.
- v. If the school or place of care of an employee's child is closed due to pandemic, the employee may use accrued sick leave (or other accrued paid time off, to the extent the employee does not have sufficient sick leave), to care for the child.
- vi. Employees may donate accrued sick leave to employees who do not have enough accrued leave balances to cover their absence, in accordance with the City's shared leave policy.
- vii. When quarantine of an employee is ordered by State or County Health Officials due to a pandemic illness, employees may use accrued sick leave (or other accrued paid time off, to the extent the employee does not have sufficient sick leave) for the period of quarantine.
- viii. In response to the Covid-19 pandemic, the City provides emergency paid sick leave and public health emergency leave in accordance with the FFCRA.
- ix. At the discretion of the City Manager or designee, City Hall may alter its business practices, hours of business, and services provided. Examples of potential measures that could be taken include but are not limited to:
 - a. The City may implement temporary emergency procedures to minimize in-person contact between employees. Such measures may include greater use of e-mail, phone, and teleconferences as opposed to in-person meetings and contact.
 - b. Reduced Reception and Front Counter Service: The City may alter how it conducts business with the public by limiting or halting services at counters/areas of the City Hall and other facilities where front-line services are typically provided.
 - c. Partial Work from Home Schedules: Some staff may be permitted or assigned to work from home.
 - d. Full or partial City Hall Closure: City Hall may be partially or fully closed. During closure, staff who are able to reasonably work from home, whether in full or partial shifts, will be allowed to do so, and City managers and supervisors will coordinate this directly with the subject employees. To the extent they are not able to fully or partially work from home, staff will be provided leave in accordance with the provisions of the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA), to

the extent applicable. If FFCRA is not applicable, employees may use their accrued paid time off benefits in connection with absences due to City Hall closure. If the employee does not have accrued paid time off, the employee may be granted an unpaid leave of absence in accordance with normal City policy.



david baker

mayor

Mar 24, 2021